

Policy	Policy Text	2024 Vote Choice							Ideology			Gender		Education		Age				Race		Lower Income	Income Middle	Upper Income
		Topline	Percentile	Harris	Trump	Third Party	Did Not Vote	Liberal	Moderate	Conservative	Women	Men	College	No College	18-34	35-49	50-64	65+	White	Non-White				
Price Gouging - Rebates	Crack down on price gouging by requiring health insurance companies with excessive profits to provide rebates to their customers. Under this policy, Americans would pay less for health care because they would get the same bargain on health insurance that retired members of Congress, the president and vice president, and White House staff receive.	66%	95%	95%	37%	77%	62%	93%	74%	41%	71%	60%	72%	61%	65%	67%	65%	66%	61%	79%	69%	65%	66%	
	Impose a deadline on prior authorization, the process by which health insurance companies review a doctor's request for a patient's care in advance. Under this policy, health insurance companies would be required to make a decision on the request within 48 hours, giving Americans faster determinations on whether the health care they need is covered.	64%	91%	95%	33%	74%	62%	92%	72%	38%	68%	59%	71%	58%	64%	65%	63%	64%	59%	78%	66%	62%	64%	
Prior Auth - Deadlines	Cap health insurance premium increases that exceed increases in the actual cost of medical care. Under this policy, Americans would pay less for health care because health insurance companies would not be allowed to increase premiums unjustifiably.	63%	89%	95%	32%	73%	65%	92%	71%	37%	68%	58%	70%	58%	63%	64%	62%	63%	58%	77%	66%	61%	63%	
Premium Caps - Outlier Hospitals - Large Hospitals	Prevent large hospitals from charging prices that are more than three times what Medicare pays. Under this policy, Americans would pay less for health care because lower hospital prices would mean lower premiums.	62%	88%	94%	31%	73%	64%	92%	70%	36%	67%	57%	69%	57%	62%	63%	61%	63%	57%	77%	65%	61%	63%	
Drug Price Negotiation	Expand Medicare drug negotiation to more drugs, thereby driving down the price of those drugs for consumers, and to limit drug costs to \$2,000 and drug price inflation for private health insurance. Under this policy, Americans would pay less in drug costs.	62%	86%	94%	30%	72%	64%	92%	70%	35%	67%	56%	70%	56%	62%	63%	60%	62%	57%	76%	63%	60%	63%	
Price Gouging - Vertical Integration - Outlier Hospitals - Price Growth	Crack down on price gouging by preventing health insurance companies that also own pharmacies and doctor's offices from increasing prices. Under this policy, Americans would pay less for health care because large health insurance companies would not be allowed to mark up prices from other companies they own.	62%	86%	95%	30%	72%	67%	92%	70%	35%	67%	56%	69%	56%	62%	63%	61%	62%	57%	76%	65%	60%	62%	
	Prevent hospitals with high prices from excessively inflating their prices even more. Under this policy, Americans would pay less for health care because lower hospital prices would mean lower premiums.	60%	80%	93%	27%	68%	63%	91%	68%	32%	65%	54%	67%	53%	60%	60%	59%	60%	54%	75%	61%	57%	60%	
Prior Auth - Ban	Ban prior authorization, the process by which health insurance companies review a doctor's request for a patient's care in advance. Under this policy, all routine, emergency, and essential care would not need to be reviewed in advance, giving Americans greater confidence that the health care they need is covered.	59%	78%	92%	27%	67%	61%	90%	67%	32%	64%	53%	66%	53%	60%	60%	58%	59%	54%	74%	62%	57%	59%	
Public Option v1	Offer a public option insurance plan, a lower-cost alternative to private health insurance. Under this policy, Americans who enroll in this public option would see lower insurance costs, and private health insurers would feel pressure to lower costs over time to compete.	58%	74%	94%	23%	67%	60%	91%	67%	28%	63%	52%	64%	53%	62%	61%	57%	55%	52%	76%	62%	56%	57%	
	Offer a Medicare plan, a lower-cost alternative to private health insurance. Under this policy, Americans who enroll in this Medicare plan would see lower insurance costs, and private health insurers would feel pressure to lower costs over time to compete.	55%	58%	93%	17%	61%	63%	90%	64%	23%	59%	49%	62%	48%	58%	57%	53%	53%	48%	73%	58%	52%	55%	
Medicare Extra	Some Democrats in Congress are proposing a Medicare plan that would cover everyone who is not covered by employer insurance. People with employer insurance could choose the Medicare plan. Taxes on the wealthy would lower premiums and deductibles and cover the uninsured.	53%	49%	90%	16%	58%	63%	88%	62%	22%	58%	47%	59%	48%	57%	56%	52%	50%	46%	71%	57%	51%	53%	
HSA Accounts	Allow people to divert Affordable Care Act tax credits to Health Savings Accounts for purchasing cheaper plans. Under this policy, people would pay less in insurance costs because they would have the choice of unregulated, high-deductible plans.	51%	39%	13%	88%	47%	51%	15%	42%	81%	46%	56%	44%	56%	46%	48%	53%	53%	57%	32%	47%	53%	51%	
Medicare for All	Some Democrats in Congress are proposing Medicare-for-All, in which all Americans would be covered by a Medicare plan that replaces all private health insurance. Taxes on employers, workers, and the wealthy would fully replace premiums and deductibles and cover the uninsured. The Medicare plan would pay doctors and hospitals much less than private insurance and include all providers that participate in Medicare.	48%	19%	84%	13%	48%	61%	83%	56%	18%	53%	42%	54%	43%	52%	51%	47%	45%	41%	66%	53%	46%	47%	