

How Delaware Elections Would Look Different if the Freedom to Vote Act Had Been Enacted

By Greta Bedekovics, Sydney Bryant, and Alice Lillydahl October 9, 2024

The Freedom to Vote Act (FTVA) would expand access to the ballot box for millions of Americans and ensure that all citizens can easily exercise their right to vote, regardless of their ZIP code. At the same time, this transformational federal voting rights legislation would strengthen election security, improve election administration and campaign finance transparency, and ban partisan gerrymandering.

The FTVA would make voting easier and more secure for more than 754,000 Delaware citizens, of which more than 578,000 are currently registered to vote. A new report from the Center for American Progress provides analysis and statistical extrapolations to illustrate how the 2024 and subsequent election cycles would be transformed if the FTVA's key voting policies had been enacted in 2022, when the legislation was blocked through the use of the filibuster on the U.S. Senate floor.¹

Analysis and projections for Delaware, based on previous academic and expert research as well as original research, demonstrate the transformative impact the FTVA could have for voters in the state.

Unless otherwise cited, the author conducted original analysis and created projections primarily based on data published by the U.S. Census Bureau and the U.S. Election Assistance Commission for past federal election cycles. For a comprehensive look at the data analyzed for this fact sheet, see <u>here</u>.

To put some of the findings below into perspective, the 2020 Delaware presidential election was decided by 96,000 voters, and the 2020 Delaware U.S. Senate election was decided by 106,000 voters.²

96,000 voters decided the 2020 Delaware presidential election

106,000

voters decided the 2020 Delaware U.S. Senate election Read the full report: Pass the Freedom to Vote Act: How Elections Would Look Different This Year and in the Future

48,000

additional Delaware voters would likely cast a ballot in 2024 general election

Same-day voter registration

The FTVA would ensure eligible Delaware citizens can register to vote at the polls on Election Day and during an early voting period.³ Same-day voter registration (SDR) greatly benefits communities that tend to move more frequently and therefore need to update their voter registration information more often; Hispanic Americans and young Americans are among the demographic populations that move around the most frequently.⁴ Additionally, SDR helps mitigate issues with inaccurate voter roll purges that often disproportionately affect voters of color.⁵ The SDR policy in the FTVA would ensure that voters inaccurately removed from the voter rolls are able not only to re-register at the polls but also to cast a nonprovisional ballot.

Across the past three federal election cycles, Hispanic voters in states with SDR had an average voter turnout rate that was 6.6 percentage points higher than that of Hispanic voters in states without SDR; during the last presidential election, it was 4.5 percentage points higher. Additionally, academic experts have found that SDR increases youth voter turnout by between 3.1 percentage points and 7.3 percentage points.⁶ Given these findings:

- Approximately 8,000 additional Hispanic voters would likely cast a ballot if voter turnout for Delaware Hispanic voters was at the same rate as for Hispanic voters in states with SDR.
- As many as 6,000 more young Delawareans—those ages 18 to 24—would likely cast a ballot in the 2024 general election.

Re-enfranchisement

The FTVA would restore the right to vote for returning citizens who have served time for felony sentences. Black Americans are incarcerated at five times the rate of white Americans, while Hispanic/Latino Americans are incarcerated at nearly twoand-a-half times the rate of white Americans.⁷ With enactment of the FTVA:

More than 4,000 Delawareans could have regained their right to vote and become eligible to cast a ballot for the 2024 general election, including 2,000 Black Delawareans.⁸

Voting by mail

The FTVA would ensure that all Delaware voters can request a mail-in ballot.⁹ During the last general election, states that allowed all voters to request a mail-in ballot (no-excuse states) had a 19 percent average vote-by-mail rate, compared with 5.1 percent for states that required a preapproved excuse (excuse states). Additionally, no-excuse states had an average voter turnout rate that was 6.7 percentage points higher than that of excuse states. Given these findings:

Approximately 70,000 more Delaware voters who have participated in recent elections would likely cast their ballot by mail instead of in person for the 2024 general election. Approximately 48,000 additional voters would likely cast a ballot in the 2024 general election if voter turnout in Delaware increased by 6.7 percentage points, mirroring higher turnouts seen in no-excuse states.

Ballot drop boxes

The FTVA would ensure Delawareans have access to ballot drop boxes 24 hours per day, 7 days per week in order to efficiently, cost-effectively, and securely return mailin ballots. In states that allow all voters to request a mail-in ballot and provide drop boxes, on average, 27.9 percent of mail-in ballots are returned by drop box. Given the requirement for drop boxes in the FTVA, CAP analysis finds that:

- At least 13 drop boxes would be available to voters across Delaware.
- Approximately 26,000 Delaware voters would likely return their ballot to a drop box.

Endnotes

- 1 Greta Bedekovics, "Pass the Freedom to Vote Act: How Elections Would Look Different This Year and in the Future" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2024), available at https://www.americanprogress.org/article/ pass-the-freedom-to-vote-act-how-elections-would-lookdifferent-this-year-and-in-the-future/; Freedom to Vote Act, S. 2747, 117th Cong, 1st sess. (September 14, 2021), available at https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/ senate-bill/2747.
- 2 Ballotpedia, "Presidential election in Delaware, 2020," available at https://ballotpedia.org/Presidential_election_ in_Delaware_2020 (last accessed October 2024); Ballotpedia, "United States Senate election in Delaware, 2020," available at https://ballotpedia.org/United_States_Senate_election_in_Delaware,_2020 (last accessed October 2024).
- 3 Ballotpedia, "Same-day voter registration," available at https://ballotpedia.org/Same-day_voter_registration (last accessed September 2024).
- 4 Jacob M. Grumbach and Charlotte Hill, "Rock the Registration: Same Day Registration Increases Turnout of Young Voters," The Journal of Politics 84 (1) (2022): 405-417, available at https://www.journals.uchicago.edu/doi/abs/1 0.1086/714776?journalCode=jop; Paul Taylor and others, "American Mobility: Who Moves? Who Stays Put? Where's Home?" (Washington: Pew Research Center, 2008), available at https://www.pewresearch.org/wp-content/ uploads/sites/3/2010/10/Movers-and-Stayers.pdf; Hire A Helper, "32+ Key Moving Statistics You Should Know in 2023," available at https://www.hireahelper.com/movingstatistics/ (last accessed September 2024); U.S. Census Bureau, "Current Population Survey Data Tables, 2022," available at https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/ cps/data/tables.2022.List_1020932829.html#list-tab-List_1020932829 (last accessed September 2024).

- 5 Michael Waldman, "Mass Purges are the New Voter Suppression," Brennan Center for Justice, March 12, 2024, available at https://www.brennancenter.org/our-work/ analysis-opinion/mass-purges-are-new-voter-suppression; Megan Henry, "Ohio's voter purge 'disproportionately targets voters of color', civil rights organizations say," Ohio Capital Journal, July 25, 2024, available at https://ohiocapitaljournal.com/2024/07/25/ohios-voter-purge-disproportionately-targets-voters-of-color-civil-rights-organizationssay/.
- 6 Grumbach and Hill, "Rock the Registration: Same Day Registration Increases Turnout of Young Voters."
- 7 NAACP, "Criminal Justice Fact Sheet," available at https:// naacp.org/resources/criminal-justice-fact-sheet (last accessed September 2024); Lauren-Brooke Eisen and Hernandez D. Stroud, "The Federal Government Must Incentivize States to Incarcerate Fewer People," Brennan Center for Justice, March 14, 2023, available at https:// www.brennancenter.org/our-work/analysis-opinion/ federal-government-must-incentivize-states-incarceratefewer-people#-:text=Black%20Americans%20are%20 incarcerated%20in,incarceration%20rate%20of%20 white%20people.
- 8 Christopher Uggen and others, "Locked Out 2022: Estimates of People Denied Voting Rights" (Washington: The Sentencing Project, 2022), available at https://www.sentencingproject.org/reports/locked-out-2022-estimates-ofpeople-denied-voting-rights/.
- 9 Vote.org, "Absentee Ballot Rules," available at https://www. vote.org/absentee-voting-rules/ (last accessed September 2024); National Conference of State Legislatures, "Table 1: States with No-Excuse Absentee Voting," available at https://www.ncsl.org/elections-and-campaigns/table-1-states-with-no-excuse-absentee-voting (last accessed September 2024).